



FluWatch is Canada's national surveillance system that monitors the spread of influenza and influenza-like illnesses (ILI).

FluWatch consists of 7 surveillance system components that provide a national picture of influenza activity in Canada:

- Geographic spread of influenza and ILI
- · Lab-confirmed detections
- Syndromic surveillance
- Outbreak surveillance



- Severe outcomes surveillance
- Strain characterization and antiviral resistance testing
- Vaccine monitoring



The FluWatch syndromic surveillance component consists of the Sentinel Physician ILI Reporting System (SPIR) and FluWatchers.

Why do we do ILI surveillance?

- It is universal to most influenza surveillance systems across the world
- It is a global surveillance standard of the World Health Organization
- It is an essential component of global pandemic influenza preparedness platforms

Sentinel Physician ILI Reporting System (SPIR)

Who can participate?

What data do they provide?



 Physicians and nurses who are involved in primary care



Sentinel physicians send FluWatch:

- The total number of patients seen each week
- The number of ILI cases seen each week

How are the data used?

Data are used to inform provincial/territorial, national and international influenza activity:

- The data are shared with provincial and territorial Departments of Public Health
- Aggregate data are used in the annual and weekly FluWatch reports
- The data are forwarded to the World Health Organization

How does ILI data benefit Canadians?



 It provides and accurate picture of where and when the flu is happening



 It serves as an "early detection, early warning system" for unusual or unexpected flu activity





